

# **Board of Directors Meeting**

Virtual (via Zoom) 1:00 pm September 16, 2020

## **AGENDA**

#### **ROLL CALL**

# **Adoption of Agenda**

# **Declaration of Interest (written)**

- 1. Approval of Minutes:
  - a. Board of Directors, June 17, 2020 (see attached)
  - b. Board of Directors, August 28, 2020 (see attached)
- Business Arising WECI Letter to Province and Municipalities, verbal update (Sally McIntyre)
- 3. Budget Control Report, Report 3071/20 (Angela Millar)
- 4. Job Evaluation & Salary Review, Report 3072/20 (Angela Millar)
- 5. 10-Year Capital Needs Assessment, Report 3073/20 (Sally McIntyre)
- 6. Interim Financial Plan: Background Report, Report 3074/20 (Sally McIntyre)
- 7. Palmerston Beach Land Transfer, Report 3075/20 (Sally McIntyre and Ross Fergusson)
- 8. Carp River Conservation Area License of Occupancy, Report 3076/20 (Sally McIntyre)
- 9. Electronic Meetings, Report 3077/20 (Sally McIntyre)
- 10. 2021-2015 Strategic Plan, Report 3078/20 (Sally McIntyre)
- 11. Council Fall Presentations, verbal update (Sally McIntyre)

# **Other Business**

## **ADJOURNMENT**

## MISSISSIPPI VALLEY CONSERVATION AUTHORITY

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS VIDEO-CONFERENCE

Mississippi Valley Conservation Centre

**MINUTES** 

June 17, 2020

Carleton Place

**MEMBERS PARTICIPATING:** 

J. Mason, Chair

G. Gower, Vice-Chair;

J. Atkinson;

F. Campbell;

T. Fritz;

B. Holmes;

J. Inglis;

J. Karau;

W. King;

P. Kehoe;

C. Lowry;

D. C-----

P. Sweetnam;

K. Thompson.

**MEMBERS UNAVAILABLE:** 

E. Burke;

R. Darling;

E. El-Chantiry;

G. McEvoy.

**STAFF PRESENT:** 

S. McIntyre, General Manager;

A. Millar, Treasurer;

S. Gutoskie, Community Relations Coordinator;

M. Craig, Manager, Planning and Regulations;

J. Cunderlik, Director, Water Resource Engineering;

R. Fergusson; Operations Supervisor;

J. North, Water Resources Technologist;

E. Levi, Recording-Secretary.

## **OTHERS PARTICIPATING:**

E. Blenkarn, Masters Student, Ottawa University.

J. Mason called the teleconference to order at 1:08 p.m.

B06/17/20-1

MOVED BY: F. Campbell SECONDED BY: P. Sweetnam

Resolved, That the Agenda for the June 17, 2020 Board of Directors Meeting be adopted.

"CARRIED"

# 1. Watershed Condition and Outlook

J. North advised that flows in the main system are slightly below normal due to the earlier and less predominant spring, and below average rainfall over the past few months. Crotch Lake levels are on par with historical averages. The drawdown on Crotch Lake was started early to maintain recreational levels downstream given the below average levels. Weather conditions are not yet indicative of a

Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority Board of Directors Video-Conference June 17, 2020

drought, but could become so if current dry trends continue. The long-range forecast indicates slightly above average temperatures with near normal rainfall for the summer months.

# 2. <u>Carp River University of Ottawa Study</u>

Elizabeth Blenkarn, Masters student in Environmental Sustainability with the University of Ottawa, gave a presentation outlining a capstone seminar project carried out in partnership with MVCA and Ottawa Eco-Talent Network: *An Integrated Watershed Management Assessment of the Carp River Restoration Project* that focused on low impact development and green infrastructure.

- G. Gower expressed his desire to help facilitate the role of citizen science and engagement within the City with regards to the Carp River. He also offered to take the lead within the City to clarify existing roles and responsibilities with regard to the Carp River Restoration.
- J. Karau offered continued support for the project from the Ottawa Eco-Talent Network.

# 3. <u>Carp River Living Classroom Update</u>

- J. Mason updated the board on the Carp River Living Classroom, which is to be a new conservation area within the Carp River restoration area located west of Terry Fox Drive and north of the Queensway. It features paved walking paths, wet meadows, a habitat pond and native trees and shrubs. She noted it was a multi-year project with immediate plans for the site include signage and a July launch of "EcoTrekr," a free, GIS-enabled app that helps visitors understand and engage with what they are seeing through an encyclopedia of plants, wildlife, geographical features and historical notes. Future plans include on-site curriculum-based education programs and the construction of an education hub. Fundraising efforts are being supported by Marianne Wilkinson and Michael Cleland, and \$60,000 has been raised to day with more funding partnerships anticipated as the site develops. A draft agreement has been prepared between MVCA and the City outlining roles and responsibilities of all parties. S McIntyre confirmed that the draft agreement is being reviewed by legal counsel and will likely be brought to the Board at the next meeting.
- J. Karau asked about using the EcoTrekr app at other conservation areas. J. Mason advised that the app would require loading a new encyclopedia per location. The details would have to be confirmed with the developers.
- P. Sweetnam asked about the cost to develop the EcoTrekr application and what the costs would be to expand its application to other areas. S. McIntyre confirmed it was under \$30,000 and future additions should not be as costly since the structure of the application is already in place; however, it should also be recognized that a significant amount of development time was *pro bono*.
- 4. Approval of Minutes Board of Directors Meeting May 20, 2020

# B06/17/20-2

MOVED BY: P. Kehoe SECONDED BY: J. Atkinson

Resolved, That the Minutes of the Mississippi Valley Board of Directors meeting held on May 20, 2020 be received and approved as printed.

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June 17, 2020

# 5. Business Arising - Outcome of 2019 WECI Grant Application

S. McIntyre reviewed attached staff report #3059/20 advising the Board that none of the authority's projects submitted this year were approved for WECI funding. She advised only a fraction of the applications received funding due to program oversubscription. Further direction is required from the Board to address this systemic problem in underfunding.

To encourage increased provincial funding and ensure stimulus program availability to CAs, S. McIntyre recommended that MVCA reinforce key messages conveyed by Conservation Ontario, the WECI Committee, and the Special Advisor on Flooding by writing Ministers and local members of provincial and federal government; and encourage local councils to do likewise through letters to MVCA member municipalities.

- J. Inglis asked whether the authority is able borrow money for these capital projects. A. Millar advised that it was possible to borrow using a debenture. It would require a host and there are only certain avenues authorities can borrow from, but it is a possibility.
- J. Mason noted that the 10-year capital plan approved by the Board relied on WECI funding, so the plan would have to be revisited. S. McIntyre advised that the Finance and Administration Advisory Committee will discuss the impact of this on the 10-year plan and report back to the board at a future meeting.

# B06/17/20-3

**MOVED BY:** T. Fritz

SECONDED BY: K. Thompson

Resolved, That the Board direct staff to:

- 1. Write the Minister of Natural Resources & Forestry and area Members of Provincial Parliament (MPPs) regarding funding of the WECI program and the need for improvements as recommended by the WECI Committee in its letter dated April 23, 2020 and by Doug McNeil, Ontario's Special Advisor on Flooding in his Final Report to the Premier.
- 2. Write federal ministers and area Members of Parliament (MPs) endorsing the letter sent by Conservation Ontario (CO) regarding the need for federal stimulus funding dated May 28, 2020 in partnership with Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) and South Nation Conservation (SNC).
- 3. Share the above letters with member municipalities and county councils and encourage them to support this initiative.
- 4. Prepare an analysis of past WECI grant applications and funded projects and develop and updated strategy for grant submission in 2021.
- 5. Prepare a report for the Finance & Administration Committee that contains:
  - o methodology for prioritizing MVCA capital projects
  - o potential grant opportunities
  - o alternative funding approaches with potential impacts on the 10-year capital program

"CARRIED"

Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority Board of Directors Video-Conference June 17, 2020

# 6. <u>Shabomeka Dam – Rehabilitation Project Update</u>

- J. Cunderlik reviewed Staff Report #3060/20, attached, summarizing the main advantages and disadvantages including cost implications of two design options for replacement of the Shabomeka Lake Dam: a stoplog gate and a mechanical gate design. The capital cost difference between the two systems is approximately \$200,000 (or 20%). However, given lower operation and maintenance costs, there may be long term savings potential due to less frequent trips and less staff time.
- J. Cunderlik explained that MVCA has an obligation to consider future operational needs to make sure the dam has the functionality required over time. The mechanical bascule gate provides several advantages over the stoplog gate as it provides precise water level regulation, can support frequent and automated operation, requires reduced operation and maintenance in the field, and offers safe operating procedures. In contrast, stoplog gates are best suited to infrequent operation due to their high operation requirements, provide imprecise water regulation, and their operation can pose greater health and safety risks. He noted the manual operation can be easily retrofitted for remote operation in the future once the supporting automation system is in place.
- J. Karau asked why the manual bascule was recommend over the automated. J. Cunderlik advised that although the cost difference between them is minimal, it's important to ensure the new bascule system functionality before committing to automation. He noted it can be easily retrofitted for automation at a later date. J. Karau expressed preference to install an automated system at the onset to avoid future cost increases to the retrofit.

There was discussion regarding the timing of the project and when it would have to be funded and completed. S. McIntyre noted that as it was in the design stage, the Board needs to provide direction only as to the preferred design. A financing plan will be discussed at a future meeting. The board directed Staff to provide it with a financial and technical analysis for moving from a manual to remotely operated system when the project returns to the board for approval. P. Sweetnam requested and J. Karau agreed that the completion date for the project be deleted from the motion until the financing plan has been proposed.

# B06/17/20-4

MOVED BY: T. Fritz SECONDED BY: J. Karau

Resolved, That the Board direct MVCA staff to:

- a) Complete detailed design of the Shabomeka Lake Dam water control structure using a manually operated mechanical (bascule) gate for water level regulation;
- b) Commence regular monthly inspections of the Shabomeka Lake Dam as described in this report until construction begins; and
- c) Develop a financing plan to ensure completion of the Shabomeka Lake Dam rehabilitation.

"CARRIED"

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# 7. Summer Work Plan and COVID-19 Status Update

S. McIntyre gave a presentation in regard to Staff Report 3061/20, attached. She outlined how the COVID-19 pandemic is impacting MVCA and the actions being taken to mitigate operational and financial impacts while ensuring business continuity, and employee and public health and safety. She also presented alternative programming in light of government and health unit restrictions to obtain Board approval for their funding. Specifically, a new stewardship and outreach initiative has been developed which will inform the public about the watershed, engage residents and visitors in discussing watershed issues relevant to them while on or near water and encourage and support lake residents to participate in monitoring their lake using a Water Rangers kit.

S. McIntyre advised that, at this time, the authority's budget is projected be impacted by a net loss of \$90,645 by year end due to COVID-19 accounting for additional costs, lost revenues and cost savings.

# B06/17/20-5

MOVED BY: P. Sweetnam SECONDED BY: J. Atkinson Resolved, That the Board approve:

- 1. Reallocation of up to \$5,100 in unspent funds from the monitoring and education programs to enable delivery of an enhanced stewardship and outreach program.
- 2. Introduction of a new wedding rental rate of \$250 for parties of 10 or fewer.

"CARRIED"

# 8. <u>Interim Financial Update</u>

A. Millar presented Staff Report #3062/20 (attached) to provide a comparison of year-to-date expenditures and revenues to the approved 2020 Budget and to provide an update to the Q1 Budget Control Report provided to the Board in April 2020. She noted that this report differs slightly from the financial data provided in the COVID-19 status report presented by S. McIntyre because the Financial Update accounts for the entire operation of the authority, not just COVID-related impacts.

A. Millar advised that the projected deficit is currently \$74,015.00. She noted that while the deficit is a concern there are adequate funds in the operating reserve that may be used to offset the deficit, which would be an appropriate use of this reserve particularly under current circumstances.

# 9. Appointment of Emma Deyo as an Officer to Enforce Section 28 Regulations

M. Craig reviewed Staff Report #3063/20, attached. Due to workload demands and compliance obligations, M. Craig recommended that additional enforcement staff be designated in accordance with Section 10 of *O.Reg. 153/06* wherein the authority may appoint officers to enforce the Regulation. Emma Deyo has recently completed the Conservation Authority Compliance Training – Level 1. This course provides the basic foundation for Conservation Authority staff to acquire the skills, knowledge and behaviors required to be appointed as a Provincial Offences Officer to enforce and monitor compliance under Section 28 and 29 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*. Ms. Deyo will work under the guidance of Regulations Officer A. Moore, and assist in addressing violations and compliance of permits.

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# B06/17/20-6

MOVED BY: K. Thompson SECONDED BY: P. Kehoe

Resolved, That the Board of Directors appoint Emma Deyo to enforce Ontario Regulation 153/06 and Ontario Regulation 120/90 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*.

"CARRIED"

# 10. County of Frontenac Proposal – Septic Services

- S. McIntyre presented the attached Staff Report # 3064/20 regarding the opportunity to expand the Mississippi-Rideau Septic System Office program to meet the septic permit and inspection needs of communities currently served by the Kingston Frontenac Lennox & Addington Health Unit (KFL&AHU) in partnership with Cataraqui River Conservation Authority (CRCA) and Quinte Conservation (QC). Upon approval by the Board, MVCA in partnership with RVCA, CRCA and QC will submit the service proposal to one or more municipalities currently serviced by the KFL&AHU and report back to the Board with the results.
- J. Inglis commented that the mandatory inspections currently taking place in Central Frontenac may potentially take up to 10 years to complete. He questioned whether MVCA could keep up with more demand. S. McIntyre advised it was the hope to be able to do so by partnering up with other CAs; and that while across the CAs additional staff would likely be required, it is a full-cost recovery program.
- P. Sweetnam acknowledged his support as long as the program is offered at total cost recovery.

# B06/17/20-7

MOVED BY: P. Sweetnam SECONDED BY: J. Inglis

Resolved, That the Board authorize staff to offer and provide septic system services on a full cost-recovery basis to areas currently serviced by the Kingston, Frontenac, Lennox & Addington Health Unit in partnership with other conservation authorities.

"CARRIED"

# 11. Watershed Plan Public Advisory Committee Engagement Update

This item was deferred to a future meeting.

# 12. <u>Canada Wildlife Services – Operation Support at Mississippi Lake National Wildlife Area</u>

S. McIntyre reviewed Staff Report #3065/20, attached. She informed the Board of on-going negotiations with Canada Wildlife Services (CWS) to provide operational and maintenance (O&M) support at the Mississippi Lake National Wildlife Area.

She advised that CWS is reviewing MVCA's cost estimate. Should MVCA's price be accepted, management will negotiate and execute the agreement, inform the Board at the next scheduled meeting and commence providing this service to CWS on a full cost-recovery basis.

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# 13. Bell Canada Easement Renewal

S. McIntyre presented Staff Report #3066/20, attached, regarding on-going negotiations with a Bell Canada easement on the K&P Trail. The easement was last renewed in 2015 for a period of 5 years at a rate of \$1650/year. She noted staff have begun to review the easement agreement and intend to seek Cost of Living increases. Upon completion of the negotiations, staff will return to the Board.

# 14. Other Business

S. McIntyre advised that traditionally there is a Board meeting held in July and none in August. There is currently no other business to move forward at a July meeting. The members discussed options and it was decided no meeting was to be held in July or August, however a meeting can be arranged in August at the call of the Chair if any business arises.

# **ADJOURNMENT**

The meeting was adjourned at 3:43 p.m.

# **B06/17/20-8**

MOVED BY: F. Campbell SECONDED BY: C. Lowry

Resolved, That the Board of Directors meeting be adjourned.

"CARRIED"

"E. Levi, Recording Secretary

J. Mason, Chair"

# MISSISSIPPI VALLEY CONSERVATION AUTHORITY

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS VIDEO-CONFERENCE

Mississippi Valley Conservation Centre MINUTES August 28, 2020

Carleton Place

MEMBERS PARTICIPATING: J. Mason, Chair

G. Gower, Vice-Chair;

J. Atkinson; F. Campbell; R. Darling; T. Fritz; B. Holmes; J. Inglis; J. Karau;

W. King; P. Kehoe; C. Lowry; P. Sweetnam; K. Thompson.

**MEMBERS UNAVAILABLE:** E. Burke;

E. El-Chantiry;G. McEvoy.

**STAFF PRESENT:** S. McIntyre, General Manager.

B08/28/20-1

MOVED BY: F. Campbell SECONDED BY: T. Fritz

Resolved, That the Agenda for the August 28, 2020 Board of Directors Meeting be adopted.

"CARRIED"

**B08/28/20-2** 

MOVED BY: T. Fritz SECONDED BY: K. Thompson

Resolved, That the Board move to in-camera discussion of the following matter: Personal matter about an identifiable individual, including employees of the Authority.

And further Resolved, that Sally McIntyre remain in the room

"CARRIED"

B08/28/20-4

MOVED BY: T. Fritz SECONDED BY: Glen Gower

Resolved, That the Board move out of "in camera."

"CARRIED"

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- J. Mason read the following into the meeting record:
  - A closed meeting was held.
  - The item considered concerned staff and compensation.
  - There is nothing further to report.

# **ADJOURNMENT**

B08/28/20-5

MOVED BY: C. Lowry SECONDED BY: K. Thompson

Resolved, That the Board of Directors meeting be adjourned.

"CARRIED"

"S. McIntyre, Recording Secretary

J. Mason, Chair"

REPO	RT 3071/20
TO:	Board of Directors, Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority
FROM:	Angela Millar, Treasurer

RE: Budget Control Report – up to August 31, 2020

DATE: September 2, 2020

## **Recommendations:**

That the Board receive this Budget Control Report for information purposes.

## 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to provide a comparison of year-to-date expenditures and revenues to the approved 2020 Budget; and to provide an update to the Interim Financial Update Report provided to the Board in June 2020.

Table 1: Operating Budget	2019 Actual	2020 Budget	YTD as of August 31 2020	%YTD
Expenditures				
Corporate Services	\$774,952	\$606,469	\$395,665	65%
Watershed Management	\$1,529,063	\$1,485,131	\$849,349	57%
Flood and Erosion Control	\$644,557	\$705,579	\$441,541	63%
Conservation Services	\$638,727	\$849,262	\$434,898	51%
Total Operating	\$3,587,299	\$3,646,441	\$2,121,453	58%
Revenues				
Municipal Levy	\$2,363,388	\$2,650,214	\$1,747,110	66%
Provincial Transfer Payment	\$128,438	\$128,438	\$0	0%
Special Grants	\$25,161	\$25,161	\$25,419	101%
User Fees & Contract Revenue	\$513,617	\$412,000	\$227,606	55%
Special Reserves	\$118,229	\$115,368	\$41,968	36%
Other	\$438,465	\$315,260	\$60,784	19%
Total Revenues	\$3,587,299	\$3,646,441	\$2,102,887	58%

#### 2.0 FINDINGS

As of August 31, 2020, revenues are slightly below average for this time of year, and expenditures are tracking normally as shown in Table 1. Planning and permit revenues along with parking revenues for the conservation areas continue to be strong despite COVID impacts on the economy. Even though, planning and regulation fees remain strong, historical trends suggest that these are anticipated to decline slightly in the next quarter.

MVCA applied and received funding from the Temporary Emergency Wage Subsidy (TEWS) in the amount of \$25,000. This program assisted eligible employers by reducing 10% of payroll deductions (over a three-month period) that they need to remit to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA), up to a maximum of \$25,000.

MVCA has applied for the Canada Emergency Wage Subside (CEWS) that provides a 75% wage subsidy for eligible employers. The listing for eligible employers is not entirely clear but application has been made and notification of award is pending and has not been included in these report projections.

MVCA was successful in receiving Canada Summer Job funding for two students for 8 weeks each at 100% to cover wages only. Total funding to be received is \$7,840. One student assisted with the Monitoring program and the other assisted with stream gauge and flow automation.

Confirmation was received from the Canadian Museum Operating Grant (CMOG) and MVCA received \$13,445 being the same allocation as previous years.

MVCA completed a Risk Assessment Study for the Kashwakamak Lake Dam in April 2020. The study recommended postponing major repairs of the dam for up to five years and proceeding with studies required for eventual dam replacement. MVCA collected bathymetric data downstream of the dam in August 2020 and is planning an underwater inspection of the dam after the fall drawdown. The inspection will be completed in support of a comprehensive Dam Safety Review (DSR) update of the dam that is planned for next year.

MVCA has received comments from MNRF on the application for the replacement of the Shabomeka Lake Dam and is currently addressing the Ministry comments. MVCA is proceeding with detailed design of the dam which is expected to be completed in 2020. MVCA also commenced regular monthly visual inspections of the dam to identify and record any hazards, deficiencies or changes to the structure until construction begins in 2021.

Under a shared agreement with the City of Ottawa, several floodplain mapping studies have been committed and more work is to be completed this year than was included in the 2020 budget. The City has paid MVCA \$48,785 per year for the studies identified in this agreement and previous

years actual expenses for these projects have been less than the funds received from the City in some years. However, 2020 will reflect higher expenses than revenue received due to the scheduling and overlap that has occurred between the project status and years of the agreement period.

As previously reported in June 2020, the following details are still valid:

The Water Quality Baseline Monitoring Project with the City of Ottawa has been reduced for 2020. Therefore, reducing the Special Levy amount to be received by \$25,148. As this program was at risk due to the pandemic and resulting budget constraints, staff have been redeployed through a work share agreement with the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority for the Septic Inspection / Re-Inspection programs. RVCA will reimburse MVCA for staff costs and this agreement is estimated to generate \$22,262 in revenue.

As identified in the Q1 Budget Control Report, some projects/expenditures included in the 2020 Budget are no longer viewed as priorities or possible given current circumstances, specifically:

- Timesheet software for managing anticipated regulatory changes, \$10,000
- Attendance by Board members and staff at the Latornell Conference, \$14,000
- Summer student positions will not be filled at Mill of Kintail for Museum and Education program, \$22,850

Expenses have increased due to the pandemic response and include: additional cleaning products; personal protection equipment; mileage for staff to travel to and from job sites individually; computer hardware and software requirements for staff working remotely; and increased staff time to perform additional cleaning responsibilities. The costs associated with these COVID-19 responses are estimated to cost \$32,000 for 2020 and have been included in the Table below. The additional cleaning responsibilities performed by MVCA staff will result in increased TOIL balances for those performing those tasks.

At present, all office staff continue to work from home or on a rotating basis in the office and are completing tasks according to their job descriptions.

Table 2 illustrates how expenditures and revenues may be impacted this year based upon information available today.

Table 2: Operations Budget	2020 Budget	At Risk Revenues	Increased Expenses / Revenues	Projected Savings	Projected YE Surplus/(Deficit)
Expenditures					
Corporate Services	\$606,469			(\$9,298)	\$597,171
Watershed Management	\$1,485,131		\$33,480		\$1,518,611
Flood and Erosion Control	\$705,579			(\$8,211)	\$697,368
Conservation Services	\$849,262			(\$12,445)	\$836,817
Total Operating	\$3,646,441				\$3,649,967
Revenues					
Municipal Levy	\$2,650,214	(\$25,148)			\$2,625,066
Provincial Transfer Payment	\$128,438				\$128,438
Special Grants	\$25,161		\$258		\$25,419
User Fees & Contract Revenue	\$412,000	(\$34,000)			\$378,000
Special Reserves	\$115,368			(\$11,625)	\$103,743
Other	\$315,260		\$1,734		\$316,994
Total Revenues	\$3,646,441				\$3,577,660
Projected YE Surplus/(Deficit)					(\$72,307)

# 3.0 RESERVES

As previously stated in the Interim Financial Update Report, Table 3 shows the 2019 year-end balance and 2020 budgeted allocations. The impact of the 2020 capital projects and projected operational deficits are anticipated to impact the reserve balances (as highlighted / identified in Table 3). These balances will be updated in a future reporting to reflect any decisions of the Board.

Table 3: Reserves	Dec 31 2019 Balance	2020 Budget Allocations FROM Reserves	2020 Budget Allocations TO Reserves	Projected Dec 31 2020 Balance
Building Reserve	338,701	0		338,701
Information Technology Reserve	32,000	15,700		16,300
Museum Building & Art Reserve	4,398	0		4,398
Sick Leave Reserve	73,843	0		73,843
Vehicles & Equipment Reserve	95,403	14,000		81,403
Water Control Structure Reserve - MVCA	208,885	40,000	89,761	258,646
Water Control Structure Reserve - Glen Cairn - Prov	578,771	485,668		93,103
Conservation Areas Reserve	17,000	0	25,000	42,000
Operating Reserve	918,969	10,000		908,969
Total	2,267,970	565,368	114,761	1,817,363

As previously stated, the COVID-19 pandemic is one of the most extreme and impactful events of this generation. Therefore, it is reasonable that during this time a draw down of reserves be made, if required. Management continues to explore options to further minimize expenditures and the need to draw down reserves at year-end to meet operational deficits.

REPOI	RT 3072/20
TO:	Board of Directors, Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority
FROM:	Angela Millar, Treasurer
RE:	Job Evaluation (JE) and Salary Review
DATE:	August 31, 2020

## Recommendation:

That the Board of Directors increase the Operating Budget by \$14,850 plus HST, and approve use of the Operating Reserve to address the gap between budgeted and bid prices received for the Job Evaluation and Salary Review project.

The 2020 Operating Budget includes \$10,000 for HR consulting services to carry out a Salary Review of new and existing positions. The Salary Review was a commitment made by the organization to several staff during the hiring process or during performance reviews, and has implications across the organization.

During preparation of the Requests for Quotation (RFQ) it became apparent that job evaluation was last carried out in 2006 and that the information needed to ensure an equitable review were either dated or unavailable. In order to ensure fairness across the organization, the RFQ scope of work was amended to address these gaps.

Quotes were solicited from three firms, with two firms responding. Both came in significantly above the \$10,000 budget. Based upon a value for money evaluation of the submissions, the preferred firm is Cornerstones Management Solutions Limited. The Cornerstone quote came in at \$24,850 plus HST, and below the other competitor.

3072/20 1 September 2020

REPO	RT 3073/20							
TO:	Board of Directors Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority							
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager and Angela Millar, Treasurer							
RE:	10-year Capital Needs Assessment							
DATE:	August 31, 2020							

## Recommendation:

That the the Board of Directors direct staff to:

- a) apply criteria to support priority setting within and amongst the asset categories;
- b) recommend updates to the 10-year Capital Plan for tabling with the 2021 Budget; and
- c) integrate capital plan recommendations into the Draft 2021-2023 Interim Financial Plan.

\_\_\_\_\_

## 1.0 BACKGROUND

The Board approved MVCA's first 10-year Capital Plan in 2018 as well as a policy of stable annualized funding to enable fulfillment of the capital program. This was a significant achievement of the organization.

In 2018, staff recognized that the 10-year Capital Plan did not address all capital assets, that underlying assumptions would need to be revisited and updated over time, and that affordability was a major barrier to implementation. This Needs Assessment builds on the 2018 plan by considering a broader set of assets, industry practices regarding risk mitigation, the impacts of climate change on the watershed, and regulatory, technological and public demands on the organization.

The purpose of the Needs Assessment is to set out the full range of capital pressures facing MVCA to allow for priority setting, updating of the *10-year Capital Plan*, and to inform development of the 2021-2023 Interim Financial Plan.

3073/20 1 September 2020

Most cost estimates in the Needs Assessment are considered Class  $D^1$ , meaning actual costs could be higher or lower by as much as  $\pm 50\%$ . Projects to occur between 2021-2023 are generally Class C estimates, meaning actual costs could vary by up to  $\pm 25$ -40%. In both cases, they provide order of magnitude estimates for the purpose of financial planning. All costs are stated in 2020 Canadian dollars and will be subject to inflation over time.

#### 2.0 SUMMARY OF NEEDS

The Needs Assessment divides capital assets into the following categories:

- **A.** Water and Erosion Control System this includes dams, weirs and related appurtenances, as well as the gauges and communication systems that allow for remote data collection of water levels and flows across the watershed.
- **B.** Buildings and Conservation Areas this includes continued payment of the mortgage on the Administrative Building, connection to the central water and sewer when they become available, as well as lifecycle replacement of key assets and planned improvements at the Mill of Kintail, Morris Island, and Purdon conservation areas.
- **C. Information and Communication Systems** this includes lifecycle replacement of major hardware, major software upgrades, major data acquisition, and modernization of data management, communication, and security systems.
- **D. Vehicles and Equipment** this includes all equipment used across the organization for field operations and laboratory equipment.

Table 1 provides a summary of capital pressures facing MVCA over the next 10-years. Its purpose is to inform and support priority setting and financial planning. Sections 3 through 6 provide background information regarding these pressures. Refer to the appendices for more details.

3073/20 2 September 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Budget Guidelines for Consulting Engineering Services. CEBC, 2009

Table 1: DRAFT NEEDS ASSESSMENT 2021-2031

	Δ	nnendiy A -	Draft Need	s Assessme	ent 2021 - 20	ารก					
Water and Erosion Control Structures and Network		pperiaix	Didit Necu	5 7 65 65 611 10	THE EULE E						
Water Control Structures	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total
Shabomeka Lake Dam	1,300,000	65,000	=	=	-	9-2	(70)	1570	=	=	1,365,000
Mazinaw Lake Dam	51 /A 5=0	8=4	=	=	=	1=0	848	500	50,000	50,000	100,000
Kashwakamak Lake Dam	50,000	75,000	20,000	75,000	1,500,000	4 <u>2</u> 53	121	823	2	2	1,720,000
Big Gull Lake Dam	150	17-1	-	=	50,000	50,000	670	1071	100	-	100,000
Mississagagon Lake Dam	(40)	(-)	18	-	- 1		(*)	75,000	50,000	250,000	375,000
Farm Lake Dam	128	828	100	75,000	8	50,000	350,000	320	100	E E	475,000
Pine Lake Dam	250	5-1	=	=	-	75,000	25,000	50,000	=	=	150,000
Carleton Place Dam	540	nec .	150,000	75,000	=	100	- A (=0	(Fe)	=	=	225,000
Lanark Dam	120	823	75,000	50,000	2		123	323	2	2	125,000
Widow Lake Dam		175,000	=	Ē.	- 1		(2)	171	1(-)	75,000	250,000
Bennett Lake Dam	840	£ 5≠0	380	*	-	-	5 <del>+</del> 0	75,000	75,000	*	150,000
Glen cairn Detention Basin	128	828	100	9	2	72	128	326	62	9	2
MacLarens Landing	-6			-	-	-		2-4	1-1	-	_
Project Management							,				-
Preventative Maintenance	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	150,000
Subtotal	1,365,000	330,000	260,000	290,000	1,565,000	190,000	390,000	215,000	190,000	390,000	5,185,000
Watershed Monitoring	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total
Gauge Network	22,500	22,500	22,500	16,500	22,500	22,500	21,000	22,500	22,500	31,500	226,500
Survey & Flow Equipment	22,300	22,500	30,000	10,500	22,300	30,000	21,000	22,500	22,300	31,300	60,000
Subtotal	22,500	22,500	52,500	16,500	22,500	52,500	21,000	22,500	22,500	31,500	286,500
Total Water and Erosion Control Structures and Monitoring	1,387,500	352,500	312,500	306,500	1,587,500	242,500	411,000	237,500	212,500	421,500	5,471,500
	,,1				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Buildings and Conservation Areas											
Conservation Areas	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total
Mill of Kintail	26,000	41,000	50,000	60,000	85,000	75,000	50,000	50,000	9,000	60,000	506.000
Purdon										0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
0.291207466420	17,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	5,000	97	7,000	n <del>u</del> r	2	2	67,000
K&P Trail	7,000	32,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	7,000 2,000	- 2,000	- 2,000	- 2,000	67,000 55,000
K&P Trail Morris Island	7,000 6,000	10/21/20/20/20/20/20	(0.000) (0.000) (0.000)	1.5.00.4000-0300	CHE 103 VOLUME	- 2,000 -	2006.0000000000000000000000000000000000	2,000 -	- 2,000 -	2,000 -	67,000 55,000 31,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail	7,000 6,000 5,000	32,000 5,000 -	2,000 5,000 -	2,000 10,000 -	2,000 5,000 -	25 255 287	2,000 - -	2 22 32	= =	± ±	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000
K&P Trail Morris Island	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500	32,000 5,000 - 90,500	2,000 5,000 - 69,500	2,000 10,000 - 84,500	2,000 5,000 - 97,000	- 2,000 - - - 77,000	2,000 - - 59,000	52,000	11,000	62,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail	7,000 6,000 5,000	32,000 5,000 -	2,000 5,000 -	2,000 10,000 -	2,000 5,000 -	25 255 287	2,000 - -	2 22 32	= =	± ±	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500	32,000 5,000 - 90,500	2,000 5,000 - 69,500	2,000 10,000 - 84,500	2,000 5,000 - 97,000	77,000	2,000 - - 59,000	52,000	11,000	62,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 <b>2021</b>	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b>	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 <b>2023</b>	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b>	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b>	77,000 <b>2026</b>	2,000 - - 59,000 <b>2027</b>	52,000 <b>2028</b>	11,000 <b>2029</b>	62,000 <b>2030</b>	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 <b>2021</b>	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b>	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 <b>2023</b> 277,005	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b>	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b>	77,000 <b>2026</b>	2,000 - - 59,000 <b>2027</b>	52,000 2028 277,005	11,000 <b>2029</b>	62,000 <b>2030</b>	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 <b>10 Yr Total</b> 2,770,050
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 <b>2021</b>	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b>	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 <b>2023</b> 277,005	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b> 277,005	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b>	77,000 <b>2026</b> 277,005	2,000 - 59,000 <b>2027</b> 277,005	52,000 2028 277,005	11,000 2029 277,005	62,000 <b>2030</b>	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 <b>2021</b> 277,005	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b> 277,005	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b> 277,005 - 15,000	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b> 277,005 - -	77,000 <b>2026</b> 277,005 - 60,000	2,000 - 59,000 <b>2027</b> 277,005 - 10,000	52,000 2028 277,005	11,000 2029 277,005	62,000 2030 277,005	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 <b>10 Yr Total</b> 2,770,050 348,000 105,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 <b>2021</b> 277,005	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b> 277,005 - - 277,005	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 <b>2023</b> 277,005 348,000 - 625,005	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b> 277,005 - 15,000 292,005	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b> 277,005 - - 277,005	77,000 <b>2026</b> 277,005 - 60,000 337,005	2,000 - 59,000 <b>2027</b> 277,005 - 10,000 287,005	52,000 2028 277,005 10,000 287,005	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>367,505</b>	2,000 5,000 69,500 <b>2023</b> 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 <b>694,505</b>	2,000 10,000 	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>374,005</b>	77,000 2026 277,005 - 60,000 337,005 414,005	2,000 59,000 2027 277,005 	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>367,505</b> <b>2022</b>	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 <b>2024</b> 277,005 - 15,000 292,005 <b>376,505</b> <b>2024</b> 8,500	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>374,005</b> <b>2025</b> 17,500	77,000 2026 277,005 	2,000 59,000 2027 277,005 10,000 287,005 346,005 2027 9,500	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500	62,000 2030 277,005 	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050 10 Yr Total 140,600
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 <b>2022</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>367,505</b>	2,000 5,000 69,500 <b>2023</b> 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 <b>694,505</b>	2,000 10,000 	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 <b>2025</b> 277,005 - 277,005 <b>374,005</b>	77,000 2026 277,005 - 60,000 337,005 414,005	2,000 59,000 2027 277,005 	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400	2,000 5,000 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600 2,000 43,600	2,000 10,000 	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - 277,005 374,005 2025 17,500 2,000 19,500	77,000 2026 277,005 - 60,000 337,005 414,005 2026 11,500 2,000 13,500	2,000 	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500 2,000 10,500	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 3,223,050 3,223,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600 2,000 43,600	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 2024 277,005 - 15,000 292,005 376,505 2024 8,500 19,500 28,000	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - 277,005 374,005 2025 17,500 2,000 19,500	77,000 2026 277,005 - 60,000 337,005 414,005 2026 11,500 2,000 13,500	2,000 59,000 2027 277,005 10,000 287,005 346,005 2027 9,500 2,000 11,500 2027	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500 2,000 10,500	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 2030	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 3,48,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600 2,000 43,600	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 2024 277,005 - 15,000 292,005 376,505 2024 8,500 19,500 28,000	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - 277,005 374,005 2025 17,500 2,000 19,500 2025 64,000	77,000  2026  277,005  60,000  337,005  414,005  2026  11,500 2,000 13,500  2026  64,000	2,000 	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500 2,000 10,500	11,000 2029 277,005 10,000 287,005 298,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000 2029 64,000	62,000 2030 277,005 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 2030 64,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 3,48,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600 10 Yr Total 621,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles Equipment	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400 2022 60,000	2,000 5,000 	2,000 10,000 	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - - 277,005 374,005 2,000 19,500 2025 64,000 10,000	77,000 2026 277,005 60,000 337,005 414,005 2,000 13,500 2,000 25,000 25,000	2,000	52,000 2028 277,005 	11,000 2029 277,005 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000 2029 64,000 21,000	62,000 2030 277,005 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 2030 64,000 20,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600 10 Yr Total 621,000 96,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600 2,000 43,600	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 2024 277,005 - 15,000 292,005 376,505 2024 8,500 19,500 28,000	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - 277,005 374,005 2025 17,500 2,000 19,500 2025 64,000	77,000  2026  277,005  60,000  337,005  414,005  2026  11,500 2,000 13,500  2026  64,000	2,000 59,000 2027 277,005 10,000 287,005 346,005 2027 9,500 2,000 11,500 2027	52,000 2028 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500 2,000 10,500	11,000 2029 277,005 10,000 287,005 298,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000 2029 64,000	62,000 2030 277,005 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 2030 64,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 3,48,000 105,000 3,223,050 3,887,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600 10 Yr Total 621,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles Equipment	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100 2021 53,000	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400 2022 60,000 -	2,000 5,000 - 69,500 2023 277,005 348,000 - 625,005 694,505 2023 41,600 2,000 43,600 2023 60,000 12,000 72,000	2,000 10,000 - 84,500 2024 277,005 - 15,000 292,005 376,505 2024 8,500 19,500 28,000 2024 64,000 8,000 72,000	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - - 277,005 374,005 2,000 19,500 2025 64,000 10,000 74,000	77,000 2026 277,005 - 60,000 337,005 414,005 2026 11,500 2,000 13,500 2026 64,000 25,000 89,000	2,000	52,000 2028 277,005 -10,000 287,005 339,005 2028 8,500 2,000 10,500 2028 64,000 	11,000 2029 277,005 - 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000 2029 64,000 21,000 85,000	62,000 2030 277,005 - 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 20,000 64,000 20,000 84,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 3,223,050 3,23,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600 10 Yr Total 621,000 96,000 717,000
K&P Trail Morris Island Office Trail Subtotal New Administration Office Debenture payment Sewer and water connection Other Subtotal Total Buildings and Conservation Areas Information and Communications Systems Hardware Data Acquisition Total Information and Communications Systems Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles Equipment	7,000 6,000 5,000 61,500 2021 277,005 277,005 338,505 2021 11,100 2,000 13,100	32,000 5,000 - 90,500 2022 277,005 - 277,005 367,505 2022 14,400 2,000 16,400 2022 60,000	2,000 5,000 	2,000 10,000 	2,000 5,000 - 97,000 2025 277,005 - - 277,005 374,005 2,000 19,500 2025 64,000 10,000	77,000 2026 277,005 60,000 337,005 414,005 2,000 13,500 2,000 25,000 25,000	2,000	52,000 2028 277,005 	11,000 2029 277,005 10,000 287,005 298,005 2029 9,500 19,500 29,000 2029 64,000 21,000	62,000 2030 277,005 277,005 339,005 2030 8,500 2,000 10,500 2030 64,000 20,000	67,000 55,000 31,000 5,000 664,000 10 Yr Total 2,770,050 348,000 105,000 3,223,050 10 Yr Total 140,600 55,000 195,600 10 Yr Total 621,000 96,000

## WATER AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES AND MONITORING

The current needs assessment identifies approximately \$5.4 million dollars in capital improvements over the period 2021-2030. This is a 51% increase over what was identified in 2018, with major additions comprised of the following:

- Shabomeka Lake Dam increased construction costs identified
- Kashwakamak Lake Dam increased construction costs identified
- Farm Lake Dam construction identified
- 2018 Capital Expenditure Summary did not include Watershed Monitoring Equipment costs

Refer to Appendix B for details.

#### 3.0 BUILDINGS AND CONSERVATION AREAS

The current needs assessment identifies approximately \$3.9 million dollars in capital improvements over the period 2021-2030. This is a 11% increase over what was identified in 2018, with major additions comprised of the following:

- Mill of Kintail septic system replacements, construct flushable washrooms, roof shingles on museum, centralized parking area
- K&P Trail bridge deck and handrails
- Administration Office HVAC system replacements identified

Refer to Appendix C for details.

## 4.0 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

The current needs assessment identifies approximately \$196,000 in capital improvements over the period 2021-2030. The computer hardware and data acquisitions were previously budgeted within the annual operating budget for Information Management and had not been included in the 2018 Capital Expenditure Summary. Annually, \$15,000 had been allocated for computer hardware and \$8,000 per year for data acquisitions through the annual operating budget. The current needs assessment identifies a 15% decrease over what had been identified in previous annual budgets.

Refer to Appendix D for details.

# 5.0 VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT

The current needs assessment identifies approximately \$717,000 in capital improvements over the period 2021-2030. This is a 27% increase over what was identified in 2018, with major additions comprised of the following:

- Vehicle replacements had been postponed for 2019 and reallocated to the current needs assessment
- Additional Equipment needs identified tracks for ATV, riding mower

Refer to Appendix E for details.

## 6.0 NEXT STEPS

This Needs Assessment does not consider affordability or corporate and community priorities. Therefore, the next step in this process is to develop and apply criteria to each asset category to support priority setting and update of the 10-year Capital Plan. It is recommended that this occur over the fall concurrent to development of the 2021 Budget and the 2021-2023 Interim Financial Plan.

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		Append	dix B - Water a	and Erosion Co	ontrol Structu	res and Mon	itoring								
	Water and Erosion Control Structures														
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total				
Shabomeka Lake Dam	1,300,000	65,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,365,000				
Mazinaw Lake Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000	50,000	100,000				
Kashwakamak Lake Dam	50,000	75,000	20,000	75,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,720,000				
Big Gull Lake Dam	-	-	-	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	100,000				
Mississagagon Lake Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	50,000	250,000	375,000				
Farm Lake Dam*	-	-	-	75,000	-	50,000	350,000	-	-	-	475,000				
Pine Lake Dam*	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	25,000	50,000	-	-	150,000				
Carleton Place Dam	-	-	150,000	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	225,000				
Lanark Dam	-	-	75,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000				
Widow Lake Dam	-	175,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	250,000				
Bennett Lake Dam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	75,000	-	150,000				
Glen Cairn Detention Basin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
MacLarens Landing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Preventative Maintenance	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	150,000				
Total	1,365,000	330,000	260,000	290,000	1,565,000	190,000	390,000	215,000	190,000	390,000	5,185,000				

	Watershed Monitoring														
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030															
Gauge Network															
WSC Gauges	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	15,000	82,500				
MVCA Gauges	15,000	15,000	15,000	9,000	15,000	15,000	13,500	15,000	15,000	16,500	144,000				
Survey & Flow Equipment			30,000			30,000					60,000				
Total	22,500	22,500	52,500	16,500	22,500	52,500	21,000	22,500	22,500	31,500	286,500				
Total WCS and Monitoring	1,387,500	352,500	312,500	306,500	1,587,500	242,500	411,000	237,500	212,500	421,500	5,471,500				

	Aj	opendix (	C - Buildn	gs and Co	onservati	ion Areas					
Mill of Kintail Conservation Area	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr. Total
Museum											
Balcony repairs			25,000								25,000
Replace wooden shingle roof								50,000			50,000
Re paint all exterior window and door trim				20,000							20,000
Replace riverside look out	9,000										9,000
Replace play structure wood chips					5,000						5,000
Replace septic system							50,000				50,000
Museum roadway retaining wall						15,000					15,000
Building Condition Assessment		20,000									20,000
Gatehouse											
- Repoint stone work	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000							20,000
- Replace veranda joists and flooring		8,000	·								8,000
Security and accessibility upgrades				10,000							10,000
- Replace windows			5,000	5,000							10,000
Septic replacement			,							60,000	60,000
Ed Center										,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Accessibility doors and ramps		8,000	ĺ			ĺ					8,000
Replace siding		2,000	10,000								10,000
Site General			10,000								10,000
Construct dog park		ĺ	5,000			ĺ					5,000
Centralized parking			3,000			50,000					50,000
Pedestrian bridge deck replacement						30,000			9,000		9,000
Resurface roadway and parking lot	10,000					10,000			3,000		20,000
Signage	2,000					10,000					2,000
Construct flush washrooms	2,000			20,000	80,000						100,000
Develop site work shop	5,000	5,000	5,000	20,000	80,000						15,000
Subtotal				60.000	05.000	75.000	F0 000	50.000	9,000	60.000	,
Purdon Conservation Area	26,000	41,000 2022	50,000 2023	60,000 2024	85,000 2025	75,000 2026	50,000 2027	2028	2029	60,000 2030	506,000 10 Yr. Total
Replace sections on Boardwalk	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	2025	2020	2027	2020	2029	2030	50,000
Replace stairs	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300							30,000
Replace site signage	5,000										5,000
Replace main look-out	3,000				5,000						5,000
Replace finger look-out					3,000		7,000				7,000
Subtotal	17,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	5,000		7,000 <b>7,000</b>				67,000
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr. Total
K&P Trail Conservation Area	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 fr. lotal
Trail improvements	F 000										5,000
Condition Assessment	5,000	20.000									
Bridge deck &handrail upgrades		30,000							2.000	2.000	30,000
	2 000	2.000	2 222	2 200	2 000	2 222				2,000	20,000
Beaver management	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000		
Beaver management Subtotal	7,000	32,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	55,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area	7,000 2021		2,000 2023	2,000 2024	2,000 2025		_				55,000 10 Yr. Total
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements	7,000	32,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements Parking meter	<b>7,000 2021</b> 5,000	32,000	2,000 2023	2,000 2024	2,000 2025	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements Parking meter Signage	7,000 2021	32,000 2022	2,000 2023	2,000 2024	2,000 2025	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements Parking meter Signage Trail Bridge repairs	<b>7,000 2021</b> 5,000	32,000	2,000 2023	<b>2,000 2024</b> 5,000	2,000 2025	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements Parking meter Signage Trail Bridge repairs Road maintenance	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000	32,000 2022 5,000	<b>2,000 2023</b> 5,000	2,000 2024 5,000	<b>2,000 2025</b> 5,000	2,000	2,000 2027	2,000	2,000	2,000 2030	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000
Beaver management  Subtotal  Morris island Conservation Area  Trail brushing/improvements  Parking meter  Signage  Trail Bridge repairs  Road maintenance  Subtotal	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000	32,000 2022 5,000	2,000 2023 5,000 5,000	2,000 2024 5,000 5,000 10,000	2,000 2025 5,000 5,000	2,000	2,000	2,000 2028	2,000	2,000	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000 31,000
Beaver management Subtotal Morris island Conservation Area Trail brushing/improvements Parking meter Signage Trail Bridge repairs Road maintenance Subtotal Office Trail	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000	32,000 2022 5,000	<b>2,000 2023</b> 5,000	2,000 2024 5,000	<b>2,000 2025</b> 5,000	2,000	2,000 2027	2,000 2028 - 2028	2,000	2,000 2030	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000
Beaver management  Subtotal  Morris island Conservation Area  Trail brushing/improvements  Parking meter  Signage  Trail Bridge repairs  Road maintenance  Subtotal  Office Trail  Trail construction	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000	32,000 2022 5,000 5,000 2022	2,000 2023 5,000 5,000 2023	2,000 2024 5,000 5,000 10,000 2024	2,000 2025 5,000 5,000 2025	2,000 2026 - 2026	2,000 2027 - 2027 -	2,000 2028 - 2028	2,000 2029 - 2029	2,000 2030 - 2030	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000 31,000
Beaver management  Subtotal  Morris island Conservation Area  Trail brushing/improvements  Parking meter  Signage  Trail Bridge repairs  Road maintenance  Subtotal  Office Trail  Trail construction  Signage	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000 6,000 2021	32,000 2022 5,000 5,000 2022	2,000 2023 5,000 5,000 2023	2,000 2024 5,000 5,000 10,000 2024	2,000 2025 5,000 5,000 2025	2,000 2026 - 2026	2,000 2027 - 2027 -	2,000 2028 - 2028	2,000 2029 - 2029	2,000 2030 - -	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000 31,000 10 Yr. Total
Beaver management  Subtotal  Morris island Conservation Area  Trail brushing/improvements  Parking meter  Signage  Trail Bridge repairs  Road maintenance  Subtotal  Office Trail  Trail construction  Signage  Construct lookout	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000 6,000 2021 - - 5,000	32,000 2022 5,000 5,000 2022 -	2,000 2023 5,000 5,000 2023	2,000 2024 5,000 5,000 10,000 2024	2,000 2025 5,000 5,000 2025	2,000 2026 - 2026	2,000 2027 - 2027 -	2,000 2028 - 2028	2,000 2029 - 2029	2,000 2030 - 2030	55,000  10 Yr. Total  20,000  - 1,000  5,000  31,000  10 Yr. Total  5,000
Beaver management  Subtotal  Morris island Conservation Area  Trail brushing/improvements  Parking meter  Signage  Trail Bridge repairs  Road maintenance  Subtotal  Office Trail  Trail construction  Signage	7,000 2021 5,000 1,000 6,000 2021	32,000 2022 5,000 5,000 2022	2,000 2023 5,000 5,000 2023	2,000 2024 5,000 5,000 10,000 2024	2,000 2025 5,000 5,000 2025	2,000 2026 - 2026	2,000 2027 - 2027 -	2,000 2028 - 2028	2,000 2029 - 2029	2,000 2030 - -	55,000 10 Yr. Total 20,000 - 1,000 5,000 5,000 31,000 10 Yr. Total

	Administration Office												
Administration Office	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total		
Debenture payment	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	277,005	2,770,050		
Sewer and water connection			348,000								348,000		
OTHER CAPITAL											-		
Condition Assessment				15,000							15,000		
Painting and Restoration						60,000					60,000		
HVAC replacements							10,000	10,000	10,000		30,000		
SUB-TOTAL OTHER CAPITAL	-	-	-	15,000	-	60,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	105,000		
Total Administration Office	277,005	277,005	625,005	292,005	277,005	337,005	287,005	287,005	287,005	277,005	3,223,050		
Total Buildings and Conservation Areas	338,505	367,505	694,505	376,505	374,005	414,005	346,005	339,005	298,005	339,005	3,887,050		

	Appendix D - Information and Communications Systems														
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr Total				
HARDWARE															
computers	7,100	5,400	5,600	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	77,600				
Servers			10,000		8000						18,000				
Printers		9,000									9,000				
Monitors	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		5,000				
Storage						3,000					3,000				
Audio Visual	3,000		25,000								28,000				
SUB-TOTAL	11,100	14,400	41,600	8,500	17,500	11,500	9,500	8,500	9,500	8,500	140,600				
DATA ACQUISITION															
OtherData aquistion	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	20,000				
DRAPE				17,500					17,500		35,000				
SUB-TOTAL	2,000	2,000	2,000	19,500	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	19,500	2,000	55,000				
Total	13,100	16,400	43,600	28,000	19,500	13,500	11,500	10,500	29,000	10,500	195,600				

Appendix E - Vehicles & Equipment											
Description	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	10 Yr. Total
Vehicles											
Vehicle purchase	53,000	60,000	60,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	621,000
Equipment Purchase											-
- ATV						25,000					
Tracks for ATV				8,000							
- Tractor										20,000	
- Boat & Motor									21,000		
- Tandem utility trailer					10,000						
Riding Lawn mower			12,000								
Sub-Total Equipment	-	-	12,000	8,000	10,000	25,000	-	-	21,000	20,000	96,000
Total	53,000	60,000	72,000	72,000	74,000	89,000	64,000	64,000	85,000	84,000	717,000

REPOI	RT 3074/20
TO:	Board of Directors, Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager and Angela Millar, Treasurer
RE:	Interim Financial Plan 2021-2023 – Background Report
DATE:	September 2, 2020

#### Recommendation:

That the Board of Directors direct staff to:

- a) Prioritize and quantify 2021-2023 operating and capital pressures.
- b) Identify a revenue and financing approach to address priority needs; and
- c) Draft an Interim Financial Plan 2021-2023 that sets out the above for consideration by the Board.

#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to identify operational and capital trends and needs and other matters that represent financial pressures to MVCA; and to initiate a discussion of priorities and options in a manner that supports development of the 2021 Budget and an Interim Financial Plan for the period 2021-2023.

## 2.0 ISSUE

In 2019, the province adopted *Bill 108* that prescribed changes to the manner in which conservation authorities (CAs) are funded, and requires CAs to develop and implement transition plans to evolve to the new funding model. To date, no regulations have been issued by the province detailing these matters. As the Board is aware, MVCA did not receive provincial funding for 2020 capital projects and received just over \$128,000 from the Province towards delivery of mandatory services. Consequently, the Authority is facing increasing financial burden and risk.

Provincial regulations specify legal requirements pertaining to CA financial decision-making, and the MVCA *Administrative By-law*, 2018 sets out implementation protocols to ensure good governance. However, neither document connects the financial health of MVCA to its ability to

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deliver on its mandate in the context of industry service standards, evolving regulations, aging assets and climate change.

Significant progress in addressing financial gaps was made in 2018 with adoption of MVCA's first 10-year Capital Plan and the move towards stable annualized contributions to capital reserves in the 2019 budget. Given the scope of financial pressures facing the organization, it is prudent that MVCA take the next step by examining both operating and capital pressures over the short and mid-term and potential ways to address them. Consideration of these matters will support MVCA not only in drafting the 2021 Budget but also in updating the Corporate Strategic Plan, preparing the Transition Plan prescribed by legislation, and drafting an interim financial plan for the organization.

## 3.0 REPORT OUTLINE

The attached Background Report identifies a range of operating and capital pressures facing the Authority, including matters such as:

- High rates of land development;
- Recent flood events and demand for permits;
- Demands for real-time data, analysis and operational control;
- Aging and antiquated infrastructure;
- Increased complexity and regulation of development;
- Implementation and sustainment of new technologies and software;
- Market competition for professional and technical staff; and
- Legal and insurance burdens.

The report quantifies operating pressures where values were readily available, and summarizes capital pressures that are detailed in Staff Report 3073/20.

The report also identifies revenue and financing opportunities and approaches that could help the Authority to manage financial pressures and corporate risk.

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# Interim Financial Plan: Background Report

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report outlines trends and other matters placing pressure on the financial resources of the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA). Documentation of operating and capital budget pressures will enable strategic discussions to occur regarding corporate priorities. Development of the 2021 Budget and an Interim Financial Plan for 2021-2023 will be guided by these discussions, with the goal of ensuring that the Authority can continue to meet its mandate within a sustainable financial framework. Discussions will also help to inform development of the Corporate Strategic Plan and a Transition Plan as required by Bill 108.

# 2.0 SCOPE

This report deals with all work performed by MVCA. Authority activities fall under one or more of the following five categories.

- 1) MVCA is <u>mandated</u> under Section 20 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*, as amended, to provide "programs and services designed to further the conservation, restoration, development and management of natural resources". And, Section 21 of the Act provides a range of powers including but not limited to the following:
  - To study the watershed and determine programs and services to conserve, restore, develop and manage natural resources;
  - To erect works and structures and create reservoirs by the construction of dams or otherwise;
  - To control the flow of surface waters in order to prevent floods or pollution or their impacts;
  - To enter into agreements with private landowners and collaborate with individuals and other organizations;
  - To use lands for parks or other recreational purposes; and
  - To plant and produce trees on Crown and other land.
- 2) A 2010 <u>Memorandum of Understanding</u><sup>1</sup> between the Province of Ontario and Conservation Ontario requires MVCA to:
  - review municipal planning documents and development applications under the Planning Act to ensure that MVCA interests are addressed, as approved under sections 20 and 21 of the Conservation Authorities Act;
  - review policy documents and development proposals processed under the *Planning Act* to ensure that the application has appropriate regard to Section 3.1 of the 2020 *Provincial Policy Statement* (natural hazard policies);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to: Policies and Procedures for Conservation Authority Plan Review and Permitting Activities, 2010.

- comment on planning applications for compliance with *O.Reg.* 153/06,<sup>2</sup> and administer and enforce permitting requirements for alterations to wetlands, shorelines, and waterways.
- 3) MVCA and Rideau Valley Conservation Authority are <u>legislated</u> to act as a Source Protection Authority within their jurisdiction per Part 1 of the *Clean Water Act*; and have <u>agreements</u> with Carleton Place and Mississippi Mills to administer Part 4 of the Act as it pertains to municipal drinking water systems in those communities.
- 4) MVCA has memoranda of understanding with the City of Ottawa and the County of Lanark to provide advisory services to municipalities and the County during municipal reviews of *Planning Act* applications. The MOUs allow MVCA to advise on matters of municipal jurisdiction where MVCA is a subject matter expert (namely, Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of the *Provincial Policy Statement* including erosion control works, aquatic health, wetlands, woodlands, hydrogeology, potable water, and stormwater management.)
- 5) MVCA receives <u>fees or other transfers</u> from the following organizations to deliver specific programs:
  - MNRF to maintain and operate five provincial dams;<sup>3</sup>
  - OPG to perform log operations at its Crotch Lake and High Falls facilities.
  - City of Ottawa to prepare and update flood plain mapping, deliver the Baseline Monitoring program, and to deliver three stewardship programs;
  - County of Lanark for forest management services;
  - Carleton Place to develop Roy Brown Park for outdoor educational purposes;
  - Tay Valley Township for approval under Part 8 of the *Ontario Building Code* and North and Central Frontenac Townships for the delivery of septic inspection services;
  - Independent and public schools to deliver outdoor education programming;
  - Mississippi Mills and the Ontario Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport to support operations at the Mill of Kintail Museum; and
  - Individuals and groups for facility rentals and special programs and events.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> O. Reg. 153/06: MVCA: Regulation of Development, Interference with Wetlands and Alternations to Shorelines and Watercourses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Malcolm, Mosque, Palmerston, Canonto, and Summit.

#### 3.0 PROVINCIAL TRENDS AND PRESSURES

## 3.1 Bill 108, Schedule 2

As discussed in Staff Report 3012/19, Bill 108 the More Homes, More Choice Act, 2019:

- identifies "mandatory" conservation authority services, and removes funding of "non-core" activities from the municipal levy;
- requires MVCA to sign Memoranda of Understanding with member municipalities that support delivery of one or more "non-core" programs, and separate levies for each.

As noted in Section 2, there are no services that are delivered in the absence of some form of legislated requirement, MOU, or other agreement. However, one of the "mandatory" service areas identified in the Act is management of "hazard lands". Since its creation, MVCA has focused permitting resources on addressing flood risks, mitigating impacts to natural systems, and slope stability where studies have been completed. The management of hazardous lands has been gaining significance in Eastern Ontario in recent years due to increased incidents related to leda clay and other unstable soils. Under the revised Act, MVCA will need to work with local municipalities and CA partners to understand the risk and the Authority's role to mitigate.

The ongoing lack of implementing regulations for Bill 108 has created operational and budgetary uncertainty due to:

- a lack of clarity regarding the scope of some "mandatory" programs and services;
- potential changes in MVCA powers as currently set out in O.Reg. 153/06; and
- a more complex budget approval process that could see some programs dropped midbudget where consensus cannot be achieved amongst our 11 municipal councils.

As operation of the Mill of Kintail Museum clearly falls outside of what is deemed "mandatory", the Board directed staff to establish an *ad hoc* committee of Board and community members to examine alternatives. Annual operating costs of the museum are approximately \$120,000. The ability of the committee to identify funders and establish an alternative service delivery model has been compromised by the COVID-19 pandemic. To date, there has been no firm commitment from any organization to support continued operation of the museum.

The following programs and services <u>may</u> also be deemed "non-core" under pending regulation. Collectively, they constitute ~\$1.1 million or 29% of the 2020 Operating Budget. Several are long-standing conservation and education programs of MVCA funded by member municipalities since its inception:

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Refer to B09/18/19-4, September 2019.

- shoreline naturalization projects;
- studies of watershed-interest such as algae growth in recreational lakes;
- monitoring of lakes, streams, and cold-water streams that support sport fishing;
- support to lake associations in the development of Lake Management Plans;
- watershed planning and technical services to guide land and water management;
- advisory support to municipalities on related plans and policies;
- studies to guide conservation and restoration work;
- educational programs to school children;
- stewardship programs such as the Rural Clean Water Program and Green Acres planting program; and
- administration of facility rentals for weddings, community clubs etc.

Once regulations are released, MVCA will need to determine which programs can no longer be funded via the municipal levy, whether to continue them and, if so, how to fund them.

# 3.2 Operating Grant: CA Act Section 39 Provincial Transfer

The Section 39 transfer was established to help manage natural hazards by funding the operation and maintenance (O&M) of flood and erosion control systems. In 1979, MVCA received ~\$148,200 (1979\$)<sup>5</sup> from the province to support O&M activities. Today MVCA receives ~\$128,500 (2020\$), a real dollar decrease of ~77%.<sup>6</sup> In 2019, 3.6% of MVCA's operating revenues came from the province.

Provincial policies established in 1997 limited the funding envelop for this program to \$8 million per year, and committed the province to funding 50% of eligible costs. Annual reports submitted to the province over the past decade show that the annual transfer consistently covers less than 8% of MVCA's eligible costs, which were approximately \$1.6 million in 2019.

There is no indication in *Ontario's Flooding Strategy*, 2020 that the province intends to increase funding to conservation authorities to operate and maintain flood and erosion control systems. These costs are expected to increase as MVCA deals with aging infrastructure and the impacts of climate change.

## 3.3 Capital Grant: Water & Erosion Control Infrastructure (WECI) Program

Interim Financial Plan: Background Report

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MVCA. 1979 Annual Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Assumes annual average rate of inflation over the period of 3.31% per <a href="https://www.dollartimes.com/inflation/">https://www.dollartimes.com/inflation/</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Policies and Procedures for Determining Eligibility for Provincial Grant Funding to Conservation Authorities, June 13, 1997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Conservation Ontario. Submission to the Minister of Natural Resources: Re-Investment in Ontario's Conservation Authorities - Now and In the Future, June 2004.

As discussed in Staff Report 3070/20, there are significant challenges obtaining and using WECI funding. Because of this, MVCA cannot assume it will consistently receive 50% provincial funding to study and resolve water and erosion infrastructure issues in accordance with timelines set out in Canadian Dam Association guidelines,<sup>9</sup> and in a manner that adequately mitigates risks to people that depend on MVCA water and erosion control structures.

Furthermore, there is no indication in *Ontario's Flooding Strategy*, 2020 that the province intends to increase capital funding to conservation authorities to study, design, repair, replace and modernize water and erosion control systems. These costs are expected to increase as MVCA deals with aging infrastructure and the impacts of climate change. Financing of some capital works may become necessary for MVCA to meet its fiduciary responsibilities.

## 4.0 WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TRENDS AND PRESSURES

Demands on the water resource management team are increasing due to aging infrastructure, the need to modernize structures and their operation, to resolve long standing land ownership issues, to respond to public demands for real time information and transparent operations, and to assess, plan for, and adapt to the impacts of climate change.

## 4.1 Capital Program

Staff Report 3069/20 identifies an incremental capital pressure over the next 10-years of approximately \$2,582,000 or \$258,200/year greater than the current annual capital contribution. Approximately 50% of this increase is associated with work on water resource management assets to address dam safety gaps and priorities. See the staff report for details.

## 4.2 Climate Change and Operational Readiness

The frequency and duration of extreme weather events occurring in the Mississippi, Carp and Ottawa river watersheds is increasing. The floods of 2012, 2017 and 2019, and the severe drought of 2016 are indicative of this trend. Preliminary modeling carried out by MVCA shows that by 2100, the spring freshet could regularly begin as early as February, severely impacting the ability of the Authority to capture and hold water for slow release during summer months. <sup>10</sup> This is confirmed by a June 2020 report by the National Capital Commission <sup>11</sup> that states:

- Annual snowfall will decrease by 20%.
- Annual precipitation (spring, fall, winter) will increase by 8%.
- The maximum daily precipitation will increase by 14%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> For example, CDA recommends dam safety reviews for significant hazard class dams once every 10 years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Casselman, *et al.* (2011)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> https://ncc-ccn.gc.ca/our-plans/climate-change-adaptation-initiative

- Precipitation will increase in volume and intensity.
- Extreme heat events will become more common.

Calls to increase storage in the watershed and improve system operations require more and better information delivered in real-time; comprehensive system modeling and analysis; improved predictive tools; and introduction of automated systems and controls. MVCA's jurisdiction is over 4,450 km<sup>2</sup> and considerable work is required to address the gaps needed to manage flows and effectively protect economic, social and environmental interests within the watershed. Table 1 identifies key gaps to be addressed.

**Table 1: Water Resource Management Needs** 

Cu	rrent State / Gap	Continuous Improvement Needs				
1)	Discrete, subjective and delayed	System-wide, objective and real-time				
	watershed operation and forecasting	watershed operation and forecasting;				
2)	Limited monitoring network for	Optimized monitoring network addressing				
	watershed forecasting, operation, and	current and future watershed needs				
	stewardship					
3)	Limited and manual data QA/QC	Automated data QA/QC to meet				
		provincial/federal standards				
4)	Insufficient standards for engineering	Engineering guidance documents for planning				
	reviews and submission requirements, no	reviews and submission requirements;				
	system for knowledge retention	System for knowledge sharing and retention				
5)	Manually operated water control	Automated and remote watershed operation				
	structures					
6)	Limited resources for understanding	Research and knowledge development				
	watershed dynamics	program to support future watershed needs				

MVCA can mitigate budget pressures and enhance watershed management capabilities by carrying out research and partnering with other CAs, levels of government, and universities to some extent however, additional staff resources may be required to conduct such research. As discussed further in the report, there is an opportunity to offset the costs of maintaining baseline technical expertise by providing cost-recovery services (e.g. WISKI support services.)

# 5.0 PLANNING & PERMITTING TRENDS AND PRESSURES

Operational demands have increased in recent years due to growth, the impacts of flood and storm events, and increased regulation and development complexity. Planning, regulations and engineering staff at MVCA are finding it increasingly difficult to meet client service expectations, and timelines prescribed by the *Planning Act*.

#### 5.1 Demand for Services

Between 1996 and 2016, three census subdivisions in Lanark County ranked 3rd, 11th, and 12th of the fastest growing non-metropolitan areas in Ontario. Between 2011 and 2016, Beckwith, Carleton Place, and Mississippi Mills grew by 9.4%, 8.5%, and 6.3% respectively. To the east, Kanata-Carleton grew by 10% over the same period. All exceeded the provincial average growth rate of 4.6% over the same period. The floods of 2017 and 2019 have created a significant increase in workload over the last few years. Recent flooding impacted structures on over 1,000 properties. Floods also created damage and shoreline erosion throughout the watershed which has also contributed to the high volume of permits, inquiries and workload capacity challenges.

Figure 1 illustrates the increase in *Planning Act* and *Conservation Authority Act* permit applications and reviews experienced since 2015.

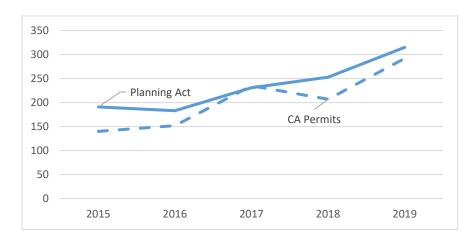


Figure 1 – Number of Applications Received per Year

# 5.2 Complexity of Applications

The best land for urban development was developed prior to 2000. Today, many applications involve land with poor soil and drainage characteristics, and integration into communities developed with limited stormwater management. Both these factors increase the time and effort required to review planning and permit applications.

a) Stormwater Management - while current developments include stormwater management, most land developed pre-1990 do not provide comprehensive stormwater management. This

 $<sup>^{12}</sup>$  https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/as-sa/fogs-spg/Facts-cmaeng.cfm?LANG=Eng&GK=CMA&GC=509&TOPIC=1

<sup>13</sup> https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/dp-pd/prof/details/page.cfm?B1=All&Code1=35041&Code2=35&Data=Count&Geo1=FED&Geo2=PR&Lang=E&SearchPR=01&SearchText=Kanata--Carleton&SearchType=Begins&TABID=1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Between 2015 and 2019 the number of *Planning Act* applications processed by the City of Ottawa grew from 1741 to 2012, and by the County of Lanark between 2014 to 2019 from 131 to 153.

means that large areas of Kanata and Stittsville (and to a lesser extent Carleton Place and Almonte) have limited storage capacity, water quality and quantity control, and growth in these communities must not exacerbate pre-existing drainage, flooding, erosion and pollution challenges. Increasingly, planning and permit reviews involve the relocation of tributaries, flood fringe developments, capacity assessments, and require the review of multiple models and plans to ensure that a proposal can properly integrate into the existing drainage system.

b) Wetlands – stormwater management and water balance challenges are increased when wetlands are drained and developed. The Authority regulates development and interference of Provincially Significant Wetlands (PSWs,) and wetlands greater than 0.5 ha with a hydraulic connection to a waterbody. Because wetlands are perceived by some as "marginal" land without intrinsic value, MVCA regularly encounters development applications on wetlands, and situations where wetlands are drained and developed in contravention of provincial regulations and MVCA policies. For example, approximately \$315,000 was spent over 10 years to protect the Goulbourn Wetland Complex alone. With limited financial and staff resources, MVCA needs to assess its approach to compliance promotion and enforcement once new regulations are in place. Greater collaboration with area municipalities in wetland management is needed, particularly in areas approved for or under consideration for urban expansion.

## 6.0 CONSERVATION TRENDS AND PRESSURES

# 6.1 Conservation Area Capital Works

Staff Report 3069/20 identifies need for approximately \$664,000 in capital works over the next 10 years. Most of this work was identified in the 2018 10-year Capital Plan and does not pose a significant capital pressure.

## **6.2** Demand for Conservation Areas

Measures imposed during the COVID-19 pandemic have highlighted the importance of public greenspace and conservation areas in supporting physical and mental health in the community. For example, visitorship at Morris Island Conservation Area more than doubled this summer over previous years. Across the portfolio, public demand has highlighted a need to widen pathways, increase parking areas, and reconsider toilet facility availability and operations.

Discussions are occurring within government regarding the need to increase the number, size, and quality of natural areas for public use, and cost-sharing grants are expected to become available through stimulus programs. The Authority needs to consider whether to use this opportunity to improve or expand existing sites, or to add to the Authority's portfolio. Depending

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> MVCA Regulation Policies, updated 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Refer to Staff Report 3030/19 for details.

upon the grant program and funding model, the Authority may need to debt finance its share in order to access these funds. Potentially eligible projects include the following:

- a) At the Mill of Kintail there are opportunities for wheelchair accessible pathways, washroom and outhouse improvements, expansion of the parking lot, fencing of an off-leash dog run, establishment of a demonstration site for controlled tile drainage.
- b) The Carp River restoration area in Kanata is an excellent example of how flood control and storm water management systems can be designed for conservation and use as passive recreational areas. The Authority is currently in discussions with the City to have the site designated as a Conservation Area. A similar approach is recommended to enable protection of wetlands abutting Stittsville, Carleton Place and Almonte, which could be facilitated through grants used to properly delineate and assess these areas and undertake comprehensive no net loss plans for expansion of those communities.
- c) The Palmerston-Canonto Conservation Area includes an 86 ha. upland forest with a 3.5 km trail system and has opportunities for further promotion, development and use.
- d) Purdon Conservation Area has narrow boardwalks which could be widened to allow for easier and safer foot traffic. Stairs and seating areas also require renewal.
- e) Work on the Watershed Plan has identified several areas for potential conservation either through redesignation by the province, or through purchase or lease agreements with landowners. Consideration could be given to expand the Authority's portfolio, particularly area representing threatened landscapes or that support regional or international natural corridors (e.g. A2A initiative.)
- f) Similarly, there is the potential for physical expansion of one or more CA sites.
- g) There are opportunities for restoration, signage, and promotion of the historic canoe route and portages along the Mississippi River.

## 6.3 Operations and Maintenance

As noted previously, COVID-19 has significantly raised attendance at Morris Island CA. Should current visitor rates be sustained over time, continued daily maintenance may be required—a significant increase in level of service over pre-COVID conditions, with a round-trip over 100km.

Similarly, should the health and safety measures imposed under COVID-19 continue into 2021, the Authority could see increased vehicle and fuel costs, and a decrease in overall core program outputs due to additional COVID-19 duties and the challenge of deploying field staff both safely and efficiently.

### 7.0 SURPLUS PROPERTIES AND LANDOWNER LIABILITY

The Authority owns several parcels of land on which it pays taxes and holds unquantified landowner liability. An 8 ha. former roadside pit is used without Authority permission by local dirt bike enthusiasts. Approximately 3 km of the Carp River channel in Kanata, including a stormwater detention facility and construction easements, was acquired in the 1970s. Roles and responsibilities between the City of Ottawa and MVCA are unclear. Several properties were purchased between 1988 and 1993 in the Clyde River floodplain to facilitate homeowner relocation. There is an assortment of similar properties at various locations in the watershed.

In addition to the above, the Authority installed a slope stabilization berm at McLaren's Landing in 1988/89 on private land. There are no agreements on file with the landowners or the former Township of West Carleton for the long-term maintenance and replacement of the structure.

None of these sites is actively monitored or managed. Each should be reviewed, with risks and opportunities assessed so that decisions can be made whether to dispose or retain them, and the degree of active management required at each property.

#### 8.0 STAFFING TRENDS AND PRESSURES

MVCA is a small organization of less than 30. A variety of skills and expertise are required to deliver on the Authority's mandate. The entire management team are "working" managers performing daily tasks along side their staff in addition to their supervisory and leadership responsibilities.

## 8.1 Mandatory versus Non-Core Programs and Staffing

Most staff are technical experts with specialized skills and knowledge. Many employees are cross-trained and deployed across different service areas. Engineering staff responsible for oversight of the dam system and capital projects are the same people who conduct technical planning and permit reviews. The people who carryout watershed field monitoring also comment on planning and permit applications, and provide fee-for-service programs to member municipalities.

It may become necessary to adjust funding sources and fees to maintain the scope of competencies required to deliver mandatory programs if some positions can no longer be funded by the Municipal Levy under the new regulations; or when existing service contracts expire that are used to pay base salaries.<sup>18</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> This recently became an issue due to the growth of wild parsnip abutting paths established and used, without Authority permission, by the public.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Three permanent positions are subsidized under contracts with the City of Ottawa that expire in 2022.

## 8.2 Water & Erosion Control Asset Management

Time sensitive technical planning and permit reviews impede the ability of the engineering group to deliver essential asset planning and renewal programs. Additional resources are needed to address this gap to effectively deliver on the capital program, and to assess and adjust system design and operations to adapt to the impacts of climate change.

### 8.3 GIS and WISKI

Since its creation, the GIS Specialist position has been funded 50% by the City of Ottawa and/or the National Disaster Mitigation Program (NDMP. Funding will expire in 2021. This position is essential to existing and planned modeling and mapping work of the organization. A budget pressure will be created upon conclusion of the City's project.<sup>19</sup>

In 2011, MVCA began using WISKI software to collect, manage, analyze, and illustrate watershed data. MVCA is one of 10 CAs in eastern Ontario using this software, and collaborates and partners with them to purchase and tailor add-on packages. The technical staff member who has supported WISKI use and integration into the MVCA workplace has been on contract for almost two years. Due to the critical role this position plays in roll-out and maintenance of the WISKI system, and the ongoing need to develop code and scripts for system automation, an investment is needed to make the position permanent. These costs can be off-set by fee-for-service payments from other CAs. In 2019, RVCA and Quinte Conservation contributed \$24,000 towards the position.

## 8.4 Contract versus Permanent Staffing

MVCA has made extensive use of contract staff to meet the planning and regulation pressures identified herein and to deliver seasonal programs. Several contract staff were extended or reassigned from other duties this past year to help deal with the sustained high level of applications received since the Spring 2019 flood.

While the use of temporary staff is beneficial, over the long-term it can undermine service continuity and client relationships, demonstrate a lack of commitment to adequately support employees, and entails cyclical hiring and training of replacement workers that places additional burdens on management and colleagues. As well, it is difficult to attract experienced knowledgeable employees to contract positions.

For example, the continual use of contract staff to meet planning, engineering and stewardship service requirements yields lower productivity than what is achieved by those familiar with our

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Two other positions are currently subsidized by NDMP and /or the City of Ottawa: Director of Water Resources Engineering (\$32,700/y) and Water Resources Engineer (\$20,200/y).

municipalities, policies, procedures, and precedents. As well, it undermines implementation of longer-term stewardship projects that require the cultivation and sustainment of relationships with landowners and partner organizations. Historically, the stewardship position was staffed by an experienced forester/farmer, but in recent years has been delivered seasonally by people with limited connection to the community and on-the-ground experience.

A review of staffing is warranted given sustained growth and demands in these service areas. Each permanent position costs MVCA between \$12,600 to \$31,500 to meet *Employment Standards Act* requirements and the benefits package approved by the Board.

### 8.5 Compensation

The Authority is a governmental agency responsible for delivering regulated and multidisciplinary programming over a 4,450 km<sup>2</sup> area, and needs to attract and retain experienced and knowledgeable staff to properly deliver its mandate and address the pressures outlined in this report. MVCA competes with other governmental bodies and the private sector for qualified technical experts and needs to provide competitive compensation. Recent recruitment efforts have shown that the Authority offers below market compensation for some positions. A study is currently underway to assess where adjustments in wages may be needed to remain a desirable employer. It is anticipated that one or more positions and wage brackets will require adjustment. The last comprehensive review was carried out in 2006.

# 8.5 Mississippi Valley Conservation Foundation

The fundraising arm of the Authority is unstaffed and there is effectively no development work being carried out beyond the annual fundraising letter and the Kintail Christmas event. More effort is needed to engage residents, conservation area users, community organizations, major funders and philanthropic advisors. This work cannot be carried out by existing staff. Consideration should be given to staffing this work or contracting it out.

### 9.0 OTHER TRENDS AND PRESSURES

## 9.1 Information and Communications Technology (ICT)

Several trends are placing increased pressures on ICT budgets:

- Software providers are transitioning from a traditional sales model to fixed-term subscriptions. This means that increasingly the Authority cannot buy licences and use them indefinitely but must pay regular operating fees instead.
- The cyber-security risk of hackers, phishing, and ransomware attacks is real and increasing as evidenced by the attacks experienced in 2018 and 2019. Regular updating of security systems is needed to protect Authority data and operations.

- Geospatial data such as ortho photography, LIDAR and climate information and the
  models and GIS tools used to analyze this information require a tremendous amount of
  computer processing and storage space. Updating computers and adding data storage,
  either through hardware or cloud space, is expensive.
- Real-time system integration of field data and modeling projections amongst CAs, the Province, and the Ottawa River Regulation Planning Board is desired. This represents a significant investment in data collection, transmission, data management and integration software, and maintenance of all these elements which will require financial support from other levels of government to achieve.
- Strong and stable internet connectivity has become essential during COVID-19 for those working remotely, and the lack of it has been always been problematic at this site. Recently, Bell Canada agreed to bring dedicated internet service to the site at no cost, however, it comes with operating costs in excess of \$30k total over the next 5 years.
- The heightened need for video and teleconferencing during COVID-19 has shown our boardroom audio-video systems to be substandard. Upgrades are needed to allow people to participate inside and outside of the room concurrently and effectively.

## 9.2 Insurance and Legal Pressures

Annual increases in insurance rates now consistently exceed cost of living increases. This has placed pressures on all organizations to limit their liabilities. Consequently, MVCA must pay increasing attention to liability clauses and review existing and new contracts to ensure that risks are fairly and appropriately allocated amongst the parties. For example, over the past year, CAs across Ontario have been renegotiating contracts with local snowmobile clubs that have been directed by the Ontario Federation of Snowmobile Clubs to implement a new agreement that places addition risk on landowners without compensation. MVCA is working with other landowners to draft an agreement for potential use with all District 6 clubs.

The lack of clear title and property boundaries at some sites, particularly around dams, is an impediment to the negotiation of agreements as well as to acquiring the approvals and easements needed to carry out our capital program. Extensive field and legal work are needed to properly delineate property boundaries. For example, many hours have been expended by legal counsel, surveyors, and staff to define property boundaries at Palmerston Lake Beach to enable land transfer to the Township of North Frontenac.

As noted previously, there are a variety of other pressures on the organization that have legal requirements and will require external counsel to help resolve.

#### 10.0 REVENUE AND FINANCING OPPORTUNITIES

Figure 2 illustrates MVCA's 2020 Budgeted Operating Revenues, with approximately 73% or \$2.65 million attributable to the municipal levy. Another \$543,600 in municipal levies is collected to support the Capital program and for debt repayment.<sup>20</sup> At present, 3.8% of budgeted operating revenues are from the Province.<sup>21</sup>

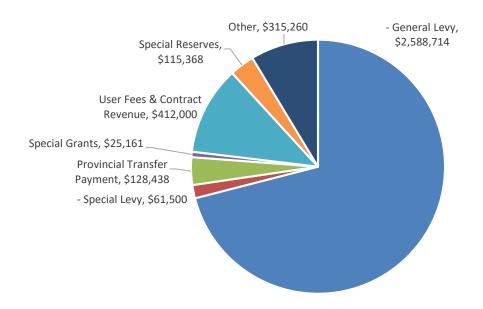


Figure 2: 2020 Operating Budget Revenues

The following sections discuss existing and potential opportunities to increase revenues and to debt finance major capital works to help address financial pressures.

### 10.1 Grants

In 2020, grants accounted for 0.07% of MVCA's Operating Budgeted Revenues. The Authority regularly applies for operating grants under the following programs, with mixed success:

- Community Museums Operating Grant
- Mississippi Mills Grant
- Canada Summer Jobs
- Summer Experience Program
- Career Launcher
- Project Learning Tree

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Annual payments of \$277,005 are scheduled to end in 2040.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Provincial transfers are comprised of \$13,445 for museum operations, and \$128,438 for flood and erosion control.

- Federation of Canadian Municipalities
- TD Planting Program
- Canadian Parks and Recreation Program
- Ontario Power Generation SWAP Grant
- Ottawa Community Foundation
- ECO Canada
- Young Canada Works

Under COVID-19, the Authority has applied for the following operating subsidies:

- COVID-19 Emergency Fund for Heritage Organizations
- Temporary Emergency Wage Subsidy
- Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy

As discussed in Staff Report 3070/20, there are systemic underfunding and administrative challenges with the provincial Water and Erosion Control Infrastructure (WECI) program. While MVCA has made use of this program over the years, it is unreliable and challenging to use which makes capital and financial planning difficult. Greater effort is needed to identify and secure grants at the federal level. Currently, details are pending for three stimulus initiatives of Infrastructure Canada:

- Canada Healthy Communities Initiative
- Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program
- Investing in COVID-19 Community Resilience

Areas of potential opportunity include the *Green Infrastructure* stream, which includes projects that address resilience and disaster mitigation, and the *Community, Culture and Recreation Infrastructure* stream, which could be beneficial for conservation area projects. Importantly, some or all of these programs may be administered and prioritized at the provincial level AND require a provincial and local contribution. Stimulus grants are also expected to be of limited duration, for example the COVID-19 program requires projects to start no later than September 30, 2021 and be completed by the end of 2021. Therefore, direction is needed concerning corporate priorities, and how the Authority will meet any required financial commitment.

Other granting organizations to be contacted include the following:

- Trillium Foundation (e.g. Resilient Communities Fund);
- The Community Foundations of Perth & District, Ottawa, and Frontenac County;
- Private foundations such as the Richard Ivey, McLean and Metcalf foundations; and
- Major banking institutions.

#### 10.2 Fees for Service

MVCA currently administers the following fees with revenues varying year-over-year based upon demand. Generally, they are not full cost-recovery and there is an opportunity to increase them:

- Parking/entrance fees
- Planning review fees
- Permit applications fees
- Facility rental and user fees

The Authority also has contracts with MNRF and OPG that can be reviewed and renegotiated upon renewal.

MVCA delivers several monitoring and stewardship programs and the septic program to area municipalities on a cost recovery basis. Fees could be examined when contracts are renewed or amended to ensure that they address current costs.

More entrepreneurial opportunities that the Authority may wish to pursue to help offset financial pressures include:

- Provide technical support to conservation authorities that are members of the Eastern Ontario WISKI Hub;
- Prepare flood plain mapping for municipalities in the Madawaska and Bonnechere watersheds, which do not have a conservation authority;
- Lease waterfront properties and portions of the Palmerston-Canonto Conservation Area for use as private campsites via North Frontenac Parklands or apps such as Campertunity.com;
- Rent the Education Centre to school boards as is done by three other CAs in Eastern Ontario;
- Provide property maintenance at other conservation sites within our service area; and
- Sell or lease the roadside pit to the local dirt bike club or municipality.

# 10.3 Partnerships

MVCA works with conservation authority partners in Eastern Ontario to defray costs and bolster buying power for WISKI products and services. Through Conservation Ontario, the Authority has also been able to save on GIS software, through a managed Electronic Licencing agreement which sees a reduction in annual maintenance cost - "to reflect the reality of government funding reductions and the collective Authority's interest in a long-term partnership with ESRI GIS products and services. Association with Conservation Ontario also provides buying power with vendors of choice for computing and peripheral products. MVCA also utilizes our not for profit

status and purchases software from Tech Soup, a program of the Centre for Social Innovation that is dedicated to empowering charities and non-profits with the effective use of technology. The Authority has also undertaken special studies in partnership with area universities and colleges. There is an opportunity to package work needed by the Authority and to solicit partnerships and support from other organizations both within and outside of the watershed. DRAPE is an ortho-imagery project managed by MNRF. It is scheduled to run every 5 years. Its success and benefit for MVCA is the partner funding model that allows for a complete watershed image at a reasonable cost.

### 10.4 Financing

MVCA currently expends approximately 7.3% of its self-generated revenues<sup>22</sup> on debt repayment. For comparison purposes, the *Municipal Act* permits municipalities to debt finance up to 25% of the value of self-generated revenues. There is no similar limit on conservation authorities, however, this is viewed as a reasonable benchmark. On this basis, MVCA could commit up to \$952,000 per year in debt payments to finance major capital works.

At this time, there are only two capital projects identified in the 10-year capital needs assessment that would qualify for debt financing due to the longevity of the assets:

- Reconstruction of the Shabomeka Lake Dam (\$1,300,000)
- Reconstruction of the Kashwakamak Lake Dam (\$1,500,000)

In theory, both of these should be 50% funded by the WECI program. If that occurs, annual debt payments required to fund the Authority's share over 25 years would be approximately \$72,185<sup>23</sup>. However, if the decision was made to proceed with these projects without WECI funding, the annual debt payments associated with these projects over 25 years would be approximately \$144,370, or well within the debt to revenue ratio of the Authority.

MVCA has consulted with its accountants at Cross Street Professional who offer the following comment:

"Debt financing is a viable strategy for financing long-term high cost capital assets. The Authority has previously utilized this tool for financing the construction of the building in Carleton Place. The key is to ensure that revenue in future years generates sufficient cash flow to service the debt payment obligations each year."

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Municipal levy plus fees for service and interest on investments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Sample Amortizing Debenture Schedules obtained from Infrastructure Ontario website https://www.infrastructureontario.ca/Loan-Calculator/

Based on the findings of this report, it is recommended that the Authority consider debt financing as a potential tool for dealing with financial pressures for major capital works.

REPORT		3075/20
TO:	Board of Directors Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority	
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager	
RE:	Palmerston Beach Land Transfer	
DATE:	September 7, 2020	

### Recommendation

That the Board direct the Chair and General Manager to apply to the province and execute the documents necessary to resolve land title issues at Palmerston Beach and transfer the property to North Frontenac Township.

MVCA has leased portions of the Palmerston-Canonto Conservation Area to North Frontenac since 2002. The current lease is for five years and expires March 21, 2022.

On August 15, 2017 the Township of North Frontenac sent an official request to MVCA to purchase the Palmerston-Canonto Conservation Area. Title issues impeded any immediate transaction, and in December 2017 the Board authorized staff to grant a quit claim for the disputed shoreline properties to help resolve title matters. Given the delay, the Township requested that MVCA grant an "Option to Purchase" the beach property. On September 19, 2018, the Board authorized staff to grant an Option to Purchase for a nominal sum, subject to any conditions imposed by the Minister of Natural Resources and Forestry; and with inclusion of a clause providing MVCA the right to repurchase the property on the same terms.

An Option to Purchase was executed between MVCA and the Township in February 2019, exercisable by the Township by December 31, 2019. However, land title issues proved to be more complex than originally thought and prevented execution of the purchase. Given continued delays, in September 2019 the Board approved extension to the Option to Purchase deadline to December 31, 2020.

Title issues have now been clarified and adjacent landowners are prepared to execute the documents needed to provide full and clear title to MVCA to the land that is to be transferred to the Township. Board approval is needed to take the final steps necessary to effect the transfer to the Township.

REPOI	RT 3076/20
TO:	Board of Directors  Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager
RE:	Carp River Conservation Area License of Occupancy
DATE:	September 10, 2020

#### Information Item

In June 2020, presentations were given to the Board by our Chair Janet Mason and Elizabeth Blenkarn of Ottawa University regarding the Carp River Restoration Project and plans to establish a conservation area at the site, located north-east of Canadian Tire Centre in Kanata.

Before officially branding the restoration area as an MVCA conservation area and installing information signage etc., an agreement with the City of Ottawa is required. In April 2018<sup>1</sup> the Board directed "that the draft Licence of Occupation for the park area be approved for execution." For unknown reasons, the agreement was not executed at that time.

Discussions with the City resumed last year and are now nearing completion. The Licence of Occupation remains substantially the same as the version reviewed by the Board in 2018, except that it now more clearly defines roles and responsibilities between the City and MVCA, particularly as it relates to operations and maintenance of the site, which will remain the responsibility of the City of Ottawa.

Execution of the updated License of Occupancy should occur by the end of September. Plans are underway to "soft launch" the site in October with a welcome sign, interpretive signs, an iNaturalist project, a brochure, and video. A lookout and any other structures to be constructed on site will require normal construction approvals; and are to be paid for through a dedicated fundraising effort of the Mississippi Valley Conservation Foundation being led by Janet Mason with the support of several volunteers.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Motion B04/18/18-2.

REPORT		3077/20
TO:	Board of Directors Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority	
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager	
RE:	Electronic Meetings	
DATE:	September 9, 2020	

#### Recommendation:

That the Board direct staff to review the practices of other organizations and identify potential circumstances under which electronic board meetings and board member participation might occur outside of a declared emergency, and to make recommendations to the Board.

In April 2020, the Board held a special meeting<sup>1</sup> to amend MVCA's *Administrative By-law* to permit the Board to meet electronically during the COVID-19 emergency. Amendments were required because, as written, the *Administrative By-law* expressly prohibited Board members that participate remotely from being counted towards meeting quorum and from voting.

As this impediment to governance during the pandemic was not unique to MVCA, the Minister of Environment, Conservation, and Parks issued a Minister's Direction on March 26, 2020 that allowed Conservation Authority boards to meet electronically and for members to have full voting rights so long as a declared emergency was in effect under the *Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act*.

By-law amendments approved by the Board of Directors in April state that electronic meetings can occur during "any period where an emergency has been declared to exist, in all or part of an area over which the Authority has jurisdiction, under Section 4 or 7.0.1 of the *Emergency Management and Civil Protection* Act (EMCPA)".

The province moved out of a State of Emergency at the end of July, and the only reason why the Board is able to continue to meet electronically is because at least one municipality in the watershed remains in a declared State of Emergency under the Act.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Staff Report 3055/20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The City of Ottawa is in a State of Emergency; others may also be in a declared state.

Prior to the pandemic, some conservation authorities permitted electronic participation and voting by Board Members. Before the state of emergency ceases, the Board should consider whether this is a practice it wishes to continue and, if so, under what conditions.

REPORT		3078/20
TO:	Board of Directors Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority	
FROM:	Sally McIntyre, General Manager	
RE:	MVCA Strategic Plan	
DATE:	September 9, 2020	

### Recommendation

That the Board approve allocation of up to \$15,000 plus HST from the Operating Reserves for consulting services to lead MVCA through a strategic planning process.

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND

MVCA was to have updated its 2013-2018 Strategic Plan in 2019, however, the spring flood event and uncertainties created by Bill 108 pushed this work item to 2020. The COVID-19 pandemic delayed project commencement, however, work is to begin this fall with the goal of preparing a Strategic Plan for the period 2021-2025. The following table provides a high-level timeline for the project.

	Objective	Timing
1	Identify key inputs to the Strategic Plan	Summer 2020
2	SWOB <sup>1</sup> key areas requiring continuous improvement	Fall 2020
4	Complete Watershed Plan	Winter 2020
5	Develop Strategic Plan Goals, Objectives, Actions	Spring 2021

The Watershed Plan is identified in the workplan due to its significance as an input to the strategic planning process. Other key documents to be considered include the Interim Financial Plan, the Carp River Watershed Plan, prior strategic planning documents, the SWOB analysis, and an environmental scan of matters that could influence priorities and direction.

#### 2.0 CONSULTING SUPPORT

While it was initially thought that this work would be led in-house, it is the recommendation of the Board Chair and the GM concurs that outside consulting services be used to lead the Board and staff through this process. The past year has seen significant change not only at MVCA, but

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Strengths Weaknesses Opportunities Barriers analysis

also across all CAs, and there are complex issues at play due to the pressures identified by the Interim Financial Plan Report and potential long-term impacts of the pandemic.